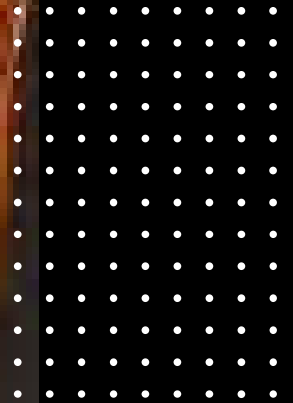
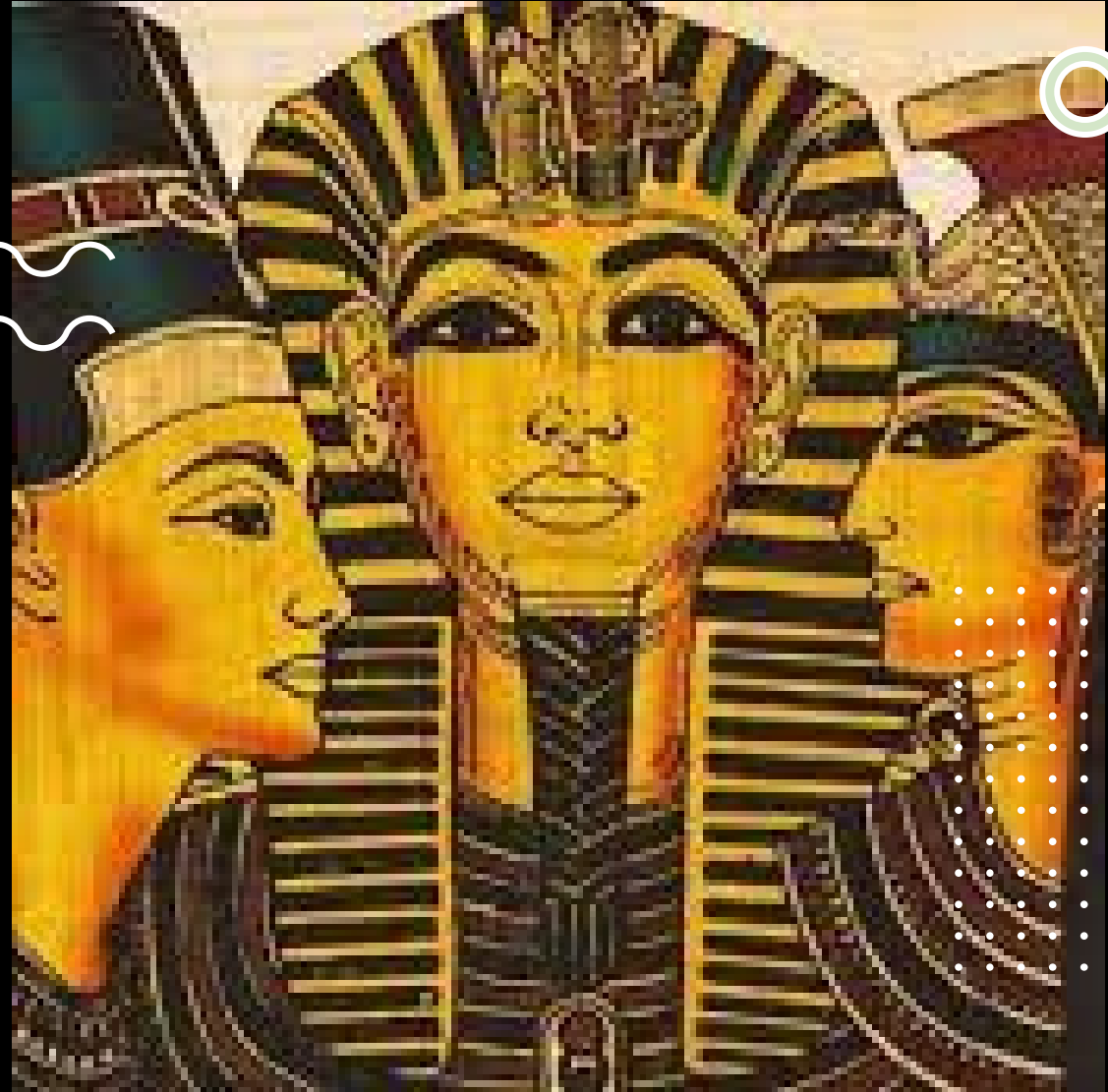


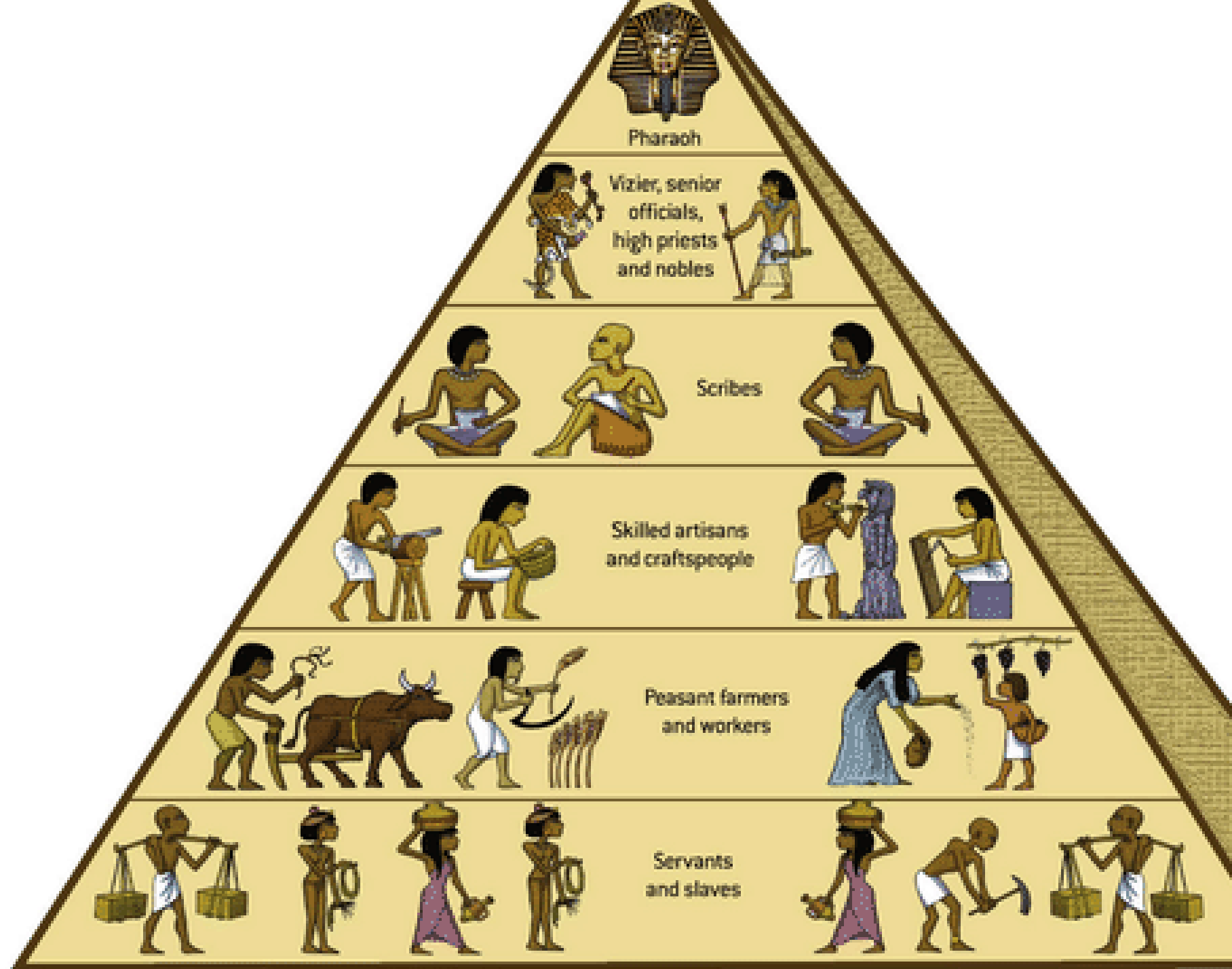
# Ancient Egypt

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# Social structure

- Ancient Egypt's government was a ideological monarchy. •The pharaoh was the head of stat and the respresentitive of the gods on Earth.
- Egypt had many complex structures that have made history, one of their signifantc designs is their social structure.
- Egyptian society was structured as a pyramid.
- The top were the Pharaohs, the gods. The pharaohs were such as Ra, Osiris, and Isis. Egyptians believed that the gods controlled th universe. Then there was nobles and priests below them. The middle class on the forth lev was the scribes and the soldiers. Peasants wer the last society with the slaves.



# Upper class

- The pharaoh was the supreme ruler of Egypt. The word “pharaoh” means “great house” this was a reference to the palace where the pharaoh would reside.
- The process of being a pharaoh was thoroughly blood.
- They believed the pharaoh/He received a divine contract among the gods to which he would build monuments to them, and in return, the gods would protect Egypt
- Pharaohs proclaimed laws and duties of citizens.
- Pharaohs must control the surplus of food and the Nile River to remain the supreme ruler.
- Nobles served as government officials: Viziers, governors, tax collector.





# Middle class

- The middle class included skilled workers such as scribes, artists, and traditional doctors.
- The middle class provided goods and services.
- Scribes were greatly respected because very few could read and write.
- The middle class made up most of the wealth of Egypt. The marketplace was the usual place for numerous citizens.



## Lower class

- Unskilled laborers
- Most of them worked in farms
- Prisoners in foreign wars became slaves and formed a separate class
- The lower class did the physical work

# Ancient Egypt Architecture



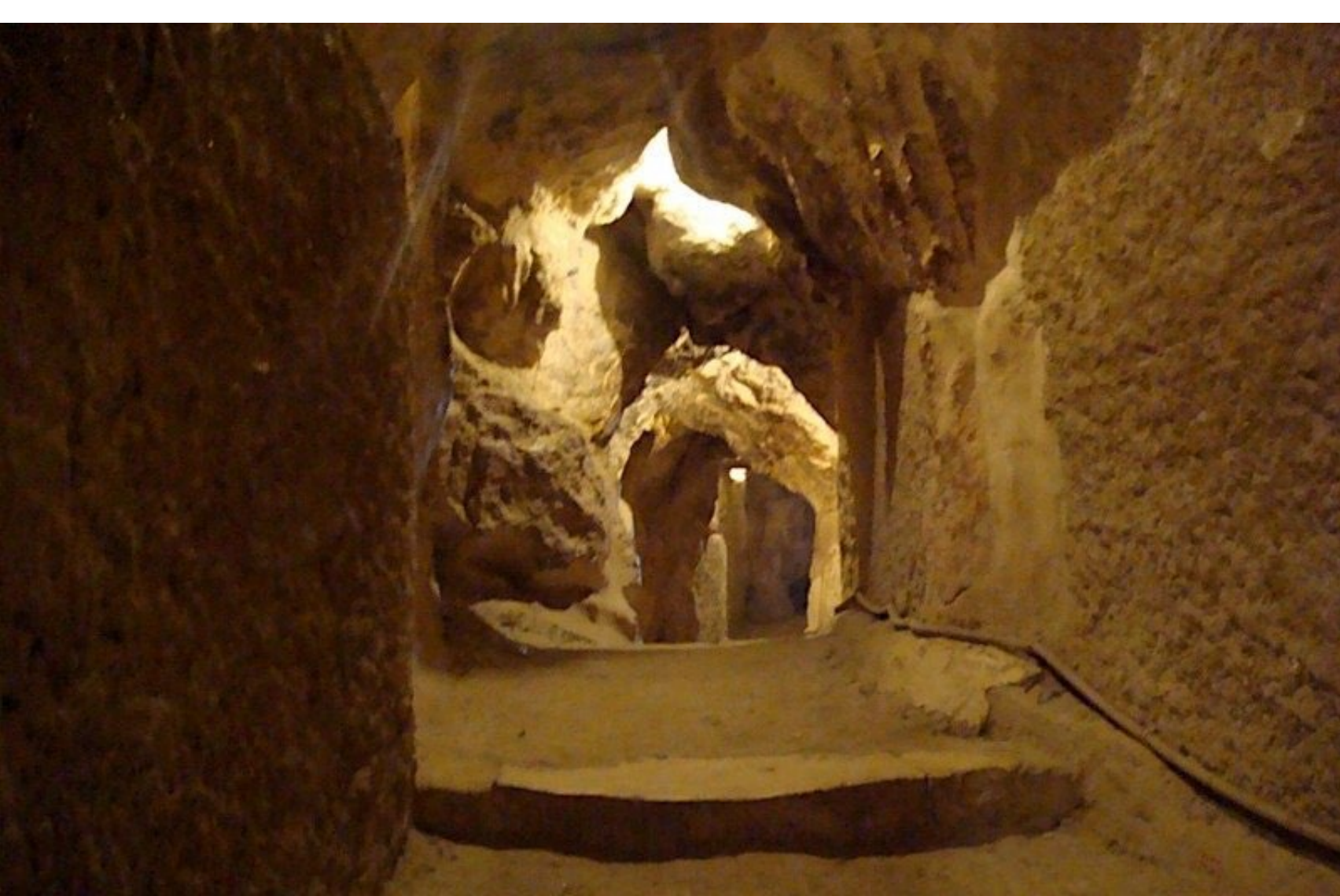
- Egyptian architecture are the Egyptian pyramids while excavated temple, palaces, tombs, and palaces.
- These were built out of stone, or locally available mud brick and limestone by levied workers.
- These projects took architectural, and engineering took a high degree. It took an organization of a large workforce consisting of highly trained craftsmen and laborers





# Pyramids

- The first pyramids age began during the old kingdom (2660-2134 B.C.), when the first pyramids were built by King Djsor in the third Dynasty
- One of the famous pyramids in Ancient Egypt is the Great Pyramid of Giza which are also known as the Pyramid of Khufu or the Pyramid of Cheops.
- The first pyramid of Giza was built by the Pharaoh Khufu. His Pyramid stands 455 feet tall
- The second pyramid was built by Khafre (fourth king of the 4th Dynasty). This pyramid was a bit smaller than Khufu's.
- The third was built by the Menkaure Pharaoh, his was a smaller pyramid which stood 215 feet high.







## Ancient Egypt Religion

- Ancient Egypt religion was a combinations of practices and beliefs which include Egyptian mythology, science, medicine, spiritualism , herbology also the belief in higher power and a life after death .
- When looking at Ancient Egypt we can see how Their belief system evolved to become one of the driving forces of cultural expressions. Temples that were built were the states method of sustaining the gods
- The physical images if the gods in the temple were housed and cared for.
- Ancient egypt is also know for using certain animals mummified and worshipped as representatives of the gods.

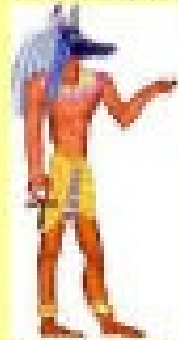
# Egyptian Gods and Goddesses

**Amun**



King of the Gods

**Anubis**



God of embalming

**Geb**



God of the earth

**Horus**



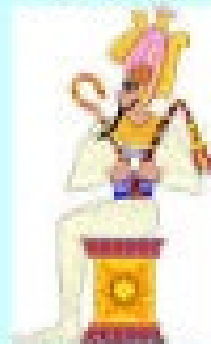
God of the sky

**Isis**



Goddess of life

**Osiris**



God of the dead

**Ra**



God of the sun

**Seth**



God of chaos

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